



-ED/-ING ADJECTIVES



Scan to review worksheet

Expemo code:
13KL-KJAG-K3C

There are different endings to the adjectives we can use to **describe feelings**.

- **-ED adjectives**

-ed adjectives are used to **describe how a person or an animal feels**.

Nouns in these sentences are **things that are alive**.

I am **bored** because I have nothing to do.

Susanne is **excited** because she is going on holiday tomorrow.

My cat is **frightened** because of the storm.

- **-ING adjectives**

-ing adjectives are used to **show the cause of a feeling**.

The **noun** in the sentence **causes this feeling**.

This **game** is **exciting**.

That **song** is **annoying**.

The **trip** was **tiring**.

1

Common -ed adjectives

Put the -ed adjectives into the correct category.

confused embarrassed frightened interested refreshed satisfied shocked thrilled

Positive: _____

Negative: _____



Can you think of any more -ed adjectives?

Now, choose the best adjective from page 1 for each of the sentences below.

- I was very _____¹ with our stay at the hotel. The service was amazing.
- Chloe was really _____² when she threw coffee on her colleague by accident.
- The man was _____³ when he heard a noise. He thought it might be a bear.
- Zachary was _____⁴ by the waiter's behaviour. He thought it was very rude.
- Aline felt _____⁵. The shower was great after a long run.
- Isaac was _____⁶ when he won first prize. It was a holiday to the Bahamas.
- Paul was _____⁷ by the instructions. They didn't make any sense.
- He was _____⁸ by the way the artist painted. It was very unusual.

2

Common -ing adjectives

Choose the best -ing adjective for each sentence. Then compare your choices with a partner.

relaxing
boring

depressing
tiring

exciting
disappointing

worrying
annoying



1. Beach holidays are _____ .



2. Rain is sometimes _____ .



3. Roller coasters are _____ .



4. It is _____ when you have no money.



5. Work meetings are often _____ .



6. Running is _____ .



7. It is _____ to fail an exam.



8. Mosquitoes are _____ .



3 Practice 1

Choose the correct option for each sentence.

- I don't like black and white films. I think they are _____. *bored/boring*
- Max was really _____ when he couldn't go to the match. *disappointed/disappointing*
- The news can be very _____. And it is always on the TV. *depressing/depressed*
- The dog was very _____. It couldn't find the toy anywhere. *confused/confusing*
- Lemonade is very _____. Especially on a hot day. *refreshed/refreshing*
- Hermann was very _____. He went swimming and then sunbathed. *relaxed/relaxing*
- It is very _____ that I will have my own car soon. I can't wait to drive it. *excited/exciting*
- Samantha was _____ to sing. Her voice wasn't very good. *embarrassed/embarrassing*

4 Practice 2

Put a tick after the sentences that are correct. Correct the sentences that are wrong.

Example: The boy was ~~boring~~. He couldn't see out of the window on the plane. bored

- I was **shocked** when they said my name. My picture was the worst. _____
- Vincent was **interesting** when they started talking about football. _____
- The woman was **tiring** after they walked 10km. She wanted to relax in the cafe. _____
- It is **worrying** when you don't have a job. It is very difficult to pay your rent and bills.

- Rita was **satisfying** when she finally got her money back from the holiday company.

- Gareth was **thrilling** when he got a new bike for his birthday. _____
- Emile is **annoying** because he never stops talking. _____
- That dog is **frightened**. It has really big teeth. _____

5 Further practice

This exercise can be done alone or in pairs.

If you are working alone, choose 3 different adjectives and create a pair of sentences for each.

If you are working in pairs, choose 3 adjectives for your partner, and they will write 3 pairs of sentences with them.

Example:

My sister is *annoying*. She took my favourite necklace again today.

My sister is *annoyed*. I took her phone to school.